

**Design and  
preparatory work  
to host the new  
EDIPO test facility  
(MAG-4.3-T025)**

**X. Sarasola  
(on behalf of  
the EDIPO  
collaboration)**

February 13<sup>th</sup>, 2020

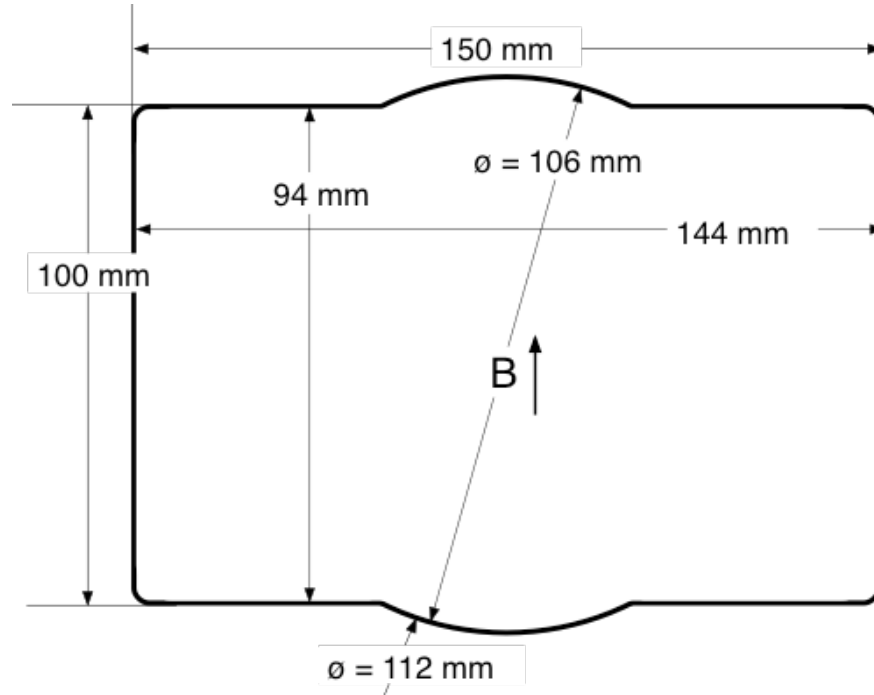
- **Goals and design constraints**
- Strand and cable
- Conceptual design of the new magnet
  - Magneto-static analysis
  - Mechanical analysis
  - Quench protection
- Conclusions and plan for 2020

# Goals

- **Main targets** of the upgraded test facility:
  - **15 T** in a **large aperture**
  - Operation at **4.2K** and **85%** of **short sample limit**
  - Homogeneous field length of 1000 mm
  - **Wide range of temperature:**  $T_{sample} = 4.2 - 80$  K
  - **High-current:**  $I_{sample} \leq 100$  kA

# Design constraints

- The coil aperture shall fit a 3-mm-thick vacuum chamber able to host:
  - **SULTAN samples** (94×144 mm aperture)
  - A **counter-cryostat** to test 100-mm-OD dipole inserts at variable temperature



# Design constraints

- The coil aperture shall fit a 3-mm-thick vacuum chamber able to host:
  - **SULTAN samples** (94×144 mm aperture)
  - A **counter-cryostat** to test 100-mm-OD dipole inserts at variable temperature
- Overall assembly length  $\leq 2500$  mm
- Overall assembly diameter  $\leq 1420$  mm
- Overall assembly weight  $\leq 20$  t
- Operating temperature: 4.2 K
- Operating current  $\leq 18$  kA
- Dump voltage to ground  $\leq 1$  kV (sym ground)
- Allowable coil hot spot temperature: 350 K

# Outline

- Goals and design constraints
- **Strand and cable**
- Conceptual design of the new magnet
  - Magneto-static analysis
  - Mechanical analysis
  - Quench protection
- Conclusions and plan for 2020

# Strand and cable

- A 1.1 mm strand proposed for the magnets of CERN's Future Circular Collider (FCC) could be also appropriate for EDIPO
- The proposed cable is a very high aspect ratio Rutherford cable
- Short dummy lengths have been cabled at LBNL
- Winding tests will be carried out in ~March 2020 at CERN

## Strand parameters

<b>Strand type</b>	FCC	
<b>Diameter</b>	1.1	mm
<b>Technology</b>	RRP 108/127	
<b>Cu:non-Cu</b>	1	
<b>RRR</b>	>150	
<b>Min. <math>J_c</math> @ 15 T (12 T), 4.2 K</b>	1640 (3000)	A/mm <sup>2</sup>
<b><math>D_{\text{eff,max}}</math></b>	60	$\mu\text{m}$

## Cable parameters

<b>Number of strands</b>	44	
<b>Bare width*</b>	26.2	mm
<b>Bare thickness*</b>	1.95	mm
<b>Compaction</b>	81	%
<b>Insulation thickness</b>	150	$\mu\text{m}$

\*After reaction

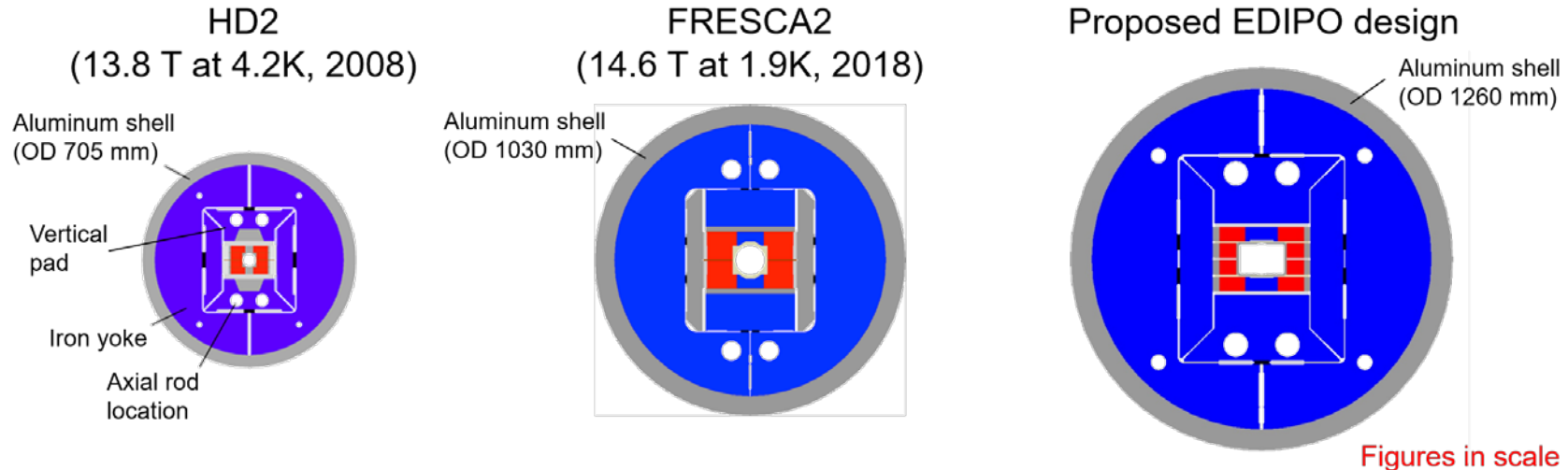
# Outline

- Goals and design constraints
- Strand and cable
- **Conceptual design of the new magnet**
  - **Magneto-static analysis**
  - **Mechanical analysis**
  - **Quench protection**
- Conclusions and plan for 2020



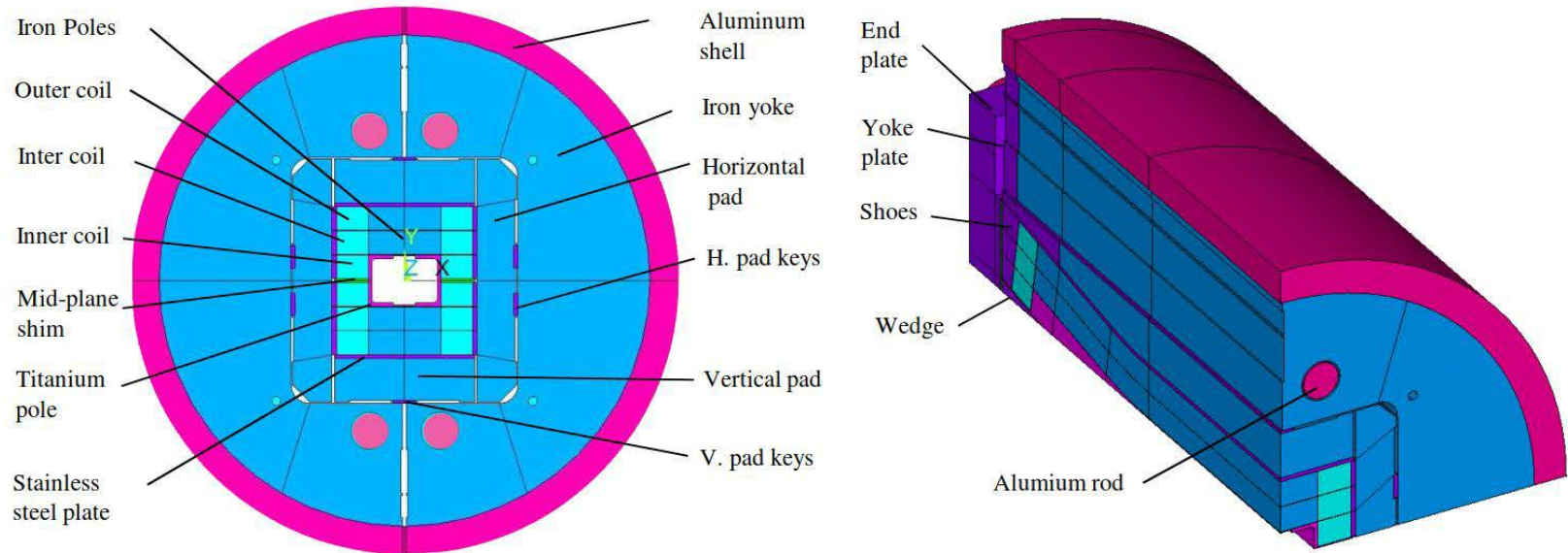
# Flared-ends coil-block designs

- The former EDIPO was a 12.35 T dipole based on a CICC design
- The new dipole will look more like an accelerator-type magnet
- The main features of the proposed flared-end design have been validated in HD2 and FRESCA2
- The designs also rely on the conceptual design of LD1



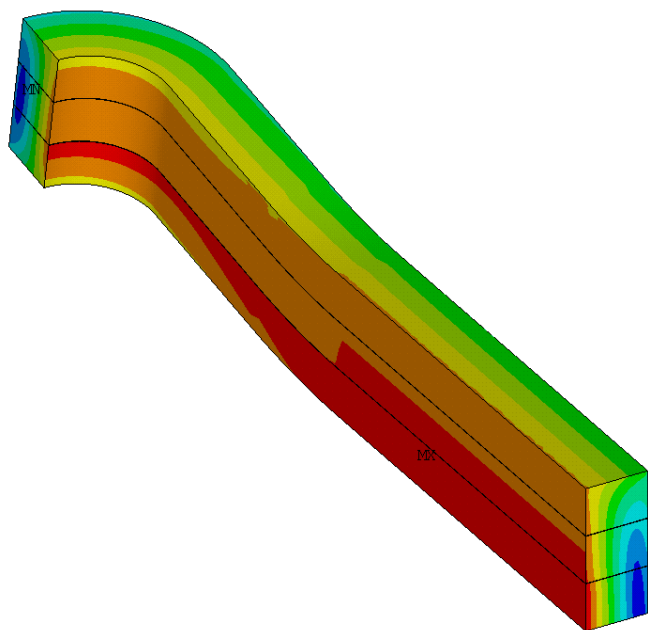
# Magnet layout

- Shell-based mechanical structure:
  - Al shell preloaded with pressurized bladders and locked with keys
  - Axial preload given by end-plates and rods
  - Coil pre-stress minimizes motion during coil powering



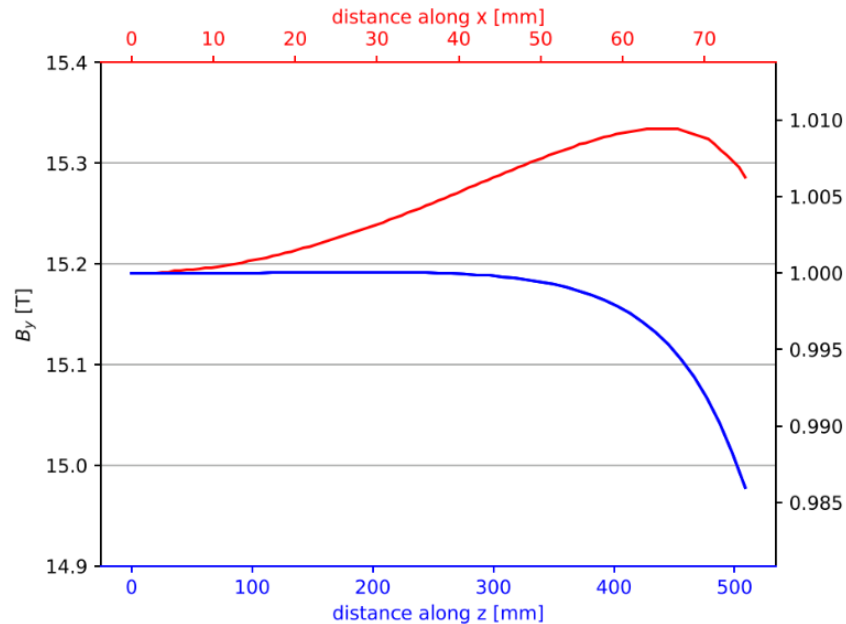
# 3D magneto-static analysis

- $I_{op} = 14.6$  kA (85% of  $I_{ss}$  at 4.2 K)
- Field homogeneity of  $\pm 1$  % in the test well.
- Uniform field region (1%): 980 mm.



```

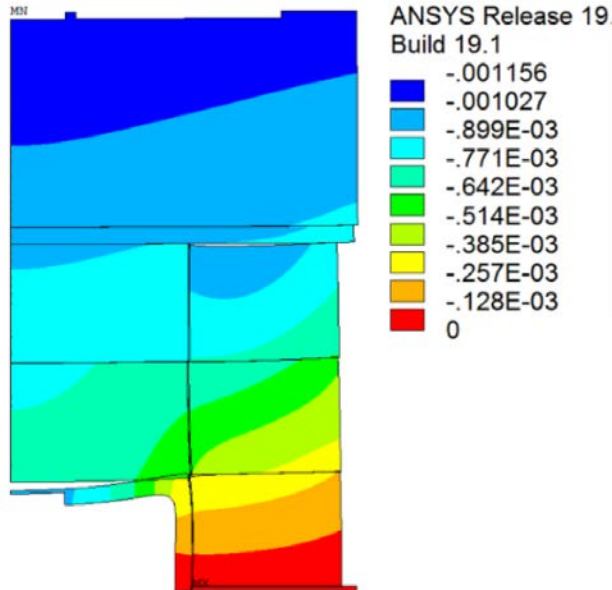
BSUM      (AVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
AVRES=Mat
SMN  =.055321
SMX  =15.4747
      .055321
      1.76859
      3.48185
      5.19511
      6.90838
      8.62164
      10.3349
      12.0482
      13.7614
      15.4747
  
```



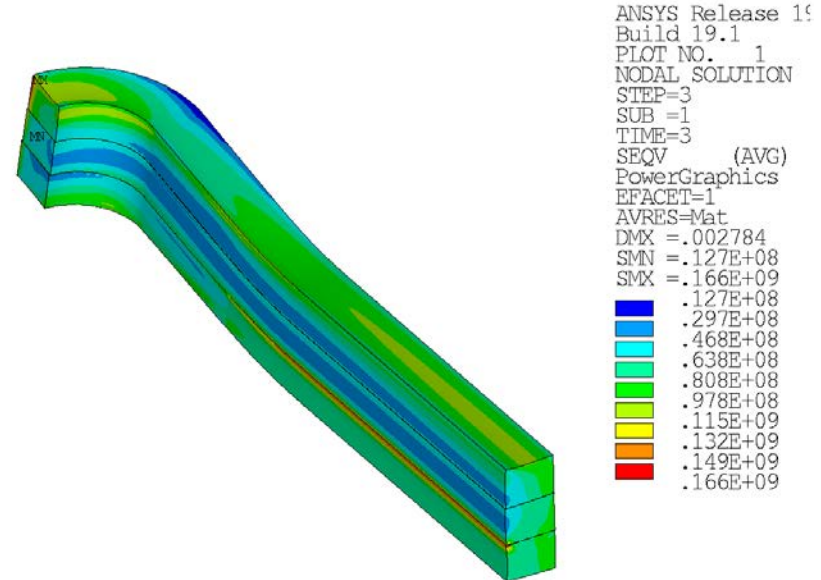
# 3D mechanical analysis

- 3 loading steps are modelled:
  1. Key insertion at room temperature
  2. Cool-down
  3. Powering at 14.6 kA

Vertical displacement at nominal field (m)



Equivalent stress at nominal field (Pa)

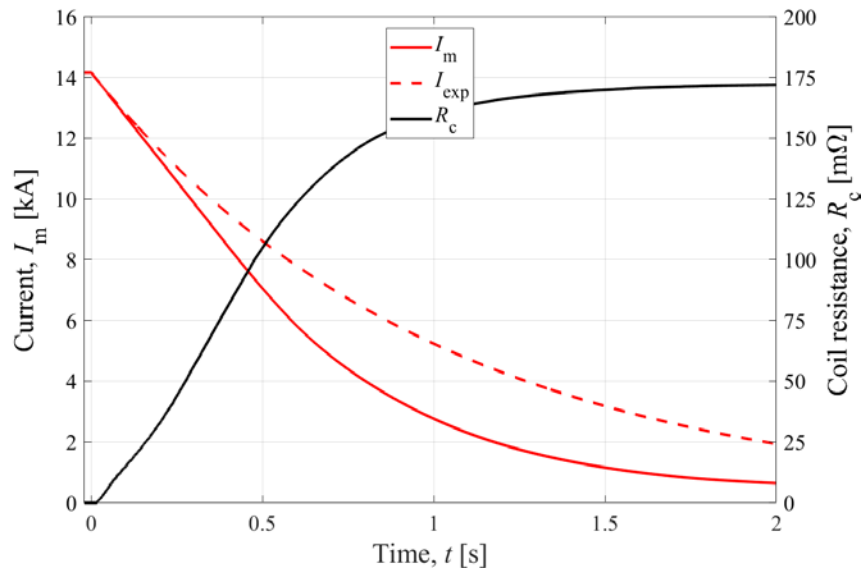


Nominal field

# Quench analysis

- Magnet protection based on energy extraction
- Analysis performed using LEDET software:
  - Quench-back affects significantly the magnet discharge
  - $T_{\text{hs}} = 190\text{-}235\text{ K}$  if the voltage is limited to 1.5 kV ( $V_{\text{ground}} = \pm 0.75\text{ kV}$ )
  - $R = 106\text{ m}\Omega$

Simulated magnet current and hot-spot temperature for a voltage of 1.5 kV



# Outline

- Goals and design constraints
- Strand and cable
- Conceptual design of the new magnet
  - Magneto-static analysis
  - Mechanical analysis
  - Quench protection
- **Conclusions and plan for 2020**

# Conclusions and plan for 2020

- We have a conceptual design of EDIPO that satisfies the stringent design requirements, namely:
  - 15 T in a large aperture
  - Operation at 4.2 K and 85% of short sample limit
  - Homogeneous field length of 1000 mm
- The conceptual design activities are close to completion.
- Dummy cabling tests have been conducted.
- **Plan for 2020:**
  - Engineering design (technical engineer starts working at SPC in March).
  - Integration in the existing facility.
  - Winding tests using the dummy cables.
  - Cabling ~800 m of the actual EDIPO cable.